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CLAIMS

 A method of diagnosing or prognostication a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, or determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing said disease, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A and/or
- (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from said subject and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby diagnosing or prognosticating said neurodegenerative disease in said subject, or determining whether said subject is at increased risk of developing said neurodegenerative disease.

2. A method of monitoring the progression of a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from said subject and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby monitoring the progression of said neurodegenerative disease in said subject.

3. A method of evaluating a treatment for a neurodegenerative disease, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from a subject being treated for said disease and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby evaluating said treatment for said neurodegenerative disease.

- 4. The method according to any of claims 1 to 3 wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 5. The method according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein said sample comprises a cell, or a tissue, or a body fluid, in particular cerebrospinal fluid or blood.
- 6. The method according to any of claims 1 to 5 wherein said reference value is that of a level and/or an activity of
 - (i) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (i) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (ii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from a subject not suffering from said neurodegenerative disease.

- 7. The method according to any of claims 1 to 6 wherein an alteration in the level and/or activity of a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A and/or a translation product of the gene coding for voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, in a sample cell, or tissue, or body fluid, in particular cerebrospinal fluid, from said subject relative to a reference value representing a known health status indicates a diagnosis, or prognosis, or increased risk of Alzheimer's disease in said subject.
- 8. The method according to any of claims 1 to 7, further comprising comparing a level and/or an activity of
 - (i) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (ii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (i) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a series of samples taken from said subject over a period of time.

- 9. The method according to claim 8 wherein said subject receives a treatment prior to one or more of said sample gatherings.
- 10. The method according to claim 9 wherein said level and/or activity is determined before and after said treatment of said subject.
- 11. A kit for diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease, said kit comprising:

- (a) at least one reagent which is selected from the group consisting of
- (i) reagents that selectively detect a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A (ii) reagents that selectively detect a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and
- (b) an instruction for diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease by
 - (i) detecting a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A in a sample from said subject; and
 - (ii) diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of said subject to develop such a disease, wherein a varied level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product compared to a reference value representing a known health status; or a level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product similar or equal to a reference value representing a known disease status indicates a diagnosis or prognosis of a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or an increased propensity or predisposition of developing such a disease.
- 12. A method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject comprising administering to said subject in a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount an agent or agents which directly or indirectly affect an activity and/or a level of (i) the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A,

and/or (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).

- 13. A modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A and/or (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A and/or (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).
- 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a modulator according to claim 13.
- 15. A modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii) for use in a pharmaceutical composition.
- 16. Use of a modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii) for a preparation of a medicament for

treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease.

- 17. A kit, comprising in one or more containers, a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 14.
- 18. A recombinant, non-human animal comprising a non-native gene sequence coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A or a fragment, or a derivative, or a variant thereof, said animal being obtainable by:
 - (i) providing a gene targeting construct comprising said gene sequence and a selectable marker sequence, and
 - (ii) introducing said targeting construct into a stem cell of a nonhuman animal, and
 - (iii) introducing said non-human animal stem cell into a non-human embryo, and
 - (iv) transplanting said embryo into a pseudopregnant non-human animal, and
 - (v) allowing said embryo to develop to term, and
 - (vi) identifying a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said gene sequence in both alleles, and
 - (vii) breeding the genetically altered non-human animal of step (vi) to obtain a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said endogenous gene, wherein said disruption results in said non-human animal exhibiting a predisposition to developing symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders.
- 19. Use of the recombinant, non-human animal according to claim 18 for screening, testing, and validating compounds, agents, and

modulators in the development of diagnostics and therapeutics to treat neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease.

- 20. An assay for screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or related diseases or disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of
 - the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
 - (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), said method comprising:
 - (a) contacting a cell with a test compound;
 - (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv);
 - (c) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv) in a control cell not contacted with said test compound; and
 - (d) comparing the levels and/or activities of the substance in the cells of step (b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substances in the contacted cells indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases or disorders.
- 21. A method of screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or related diseases or disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of
- (i) the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, and/or

- (ii) a transcription product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- (iii) a translation product of the gene coding for the voltagegated ion channel SCN2A, and/or
- (i) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), said method comprising:
 - (a) administering a test compound to a test animal which is predisposed to developing or has already developed symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders in respect of the substances recited in (i) to (iv);
 - (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv);
 - (c) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) or (iv) in a matched control animal which is predisposed to developing or has already developed symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders in respect to the substances recited in (i) to (iv) and to which animal no such test compound has been administered;
 - (d) comparing the activity and/or level of the substance in the animals of step (b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substances in the test animal indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases or disorders.
- 22. The method according to claim 21 wherein said test animal and/or said control animal is a recombinant animal which expresses the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or a derivative, or a variant thereof, under the control of a transcriptional control element which is not the native SCN2A gene transcriptional control element.

- 23. A method of testing a compound, preferably of screening a plurality of compounds, for inhibition of binding between a ligand and the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, said method comprising the steps of:
- adding a liquid suspension of said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, to a plurality of containers;
 - (ii) adding a compound, preferably a plurality of compounds, to be screened for said inhibition of binding to said plurality of containers;
 - (iii) adding a detectable ligand, in particular a fluorescently detectable ligand, to said containers;
 - (iv) incubating the liquid suspension of said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, and said compound, preferably said plurality of compounds, and said ligand;
 - (v) measuring amounts of detectable ligand or fluorescence associated with said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or with said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof; and
 - (vi) determining the degree of inhibition by one or more of said compounds of binding of said ligand to said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.
- 24. A method of testing a compound, preferably of screening a plurality of compounds, to determine the degree of binding of said compound or compounds to the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or to a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, said method comprising the steps of:
- (i) adding a liquid suspension of said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, to a plurality of containers;

- (ii) adding a detectable compound, preferably a plurality of detectable compounds, in particular fluorescently detectable compounds, to be screened for said binding to said plurality of containers;
- (iii) incubating the liquid suspension of said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, and said compound, preferably said plurality of compounds;
- (iv) measuring amounts of detectable compound or fluorescence associated with said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or with said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof; and
- (v) determining the degree of binding by one or more of said compounds to said voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.
- 25. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, by a method according to any of claims 20 to 22 and (ii) admixing the modulator with a pharmaceutical carrier.
- 26. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as an inhibitor of binding between a ligand and the SCN2A gene product by a method according to claim 23 and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier.
- 27. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as a binder to a SCN2A gene product by a method according to claim 24 and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier.
- 28. A medicament obtainable by any of the methods according to claim 25 to 27.
- 29. A medicament obtained by any of the methods according to claim 25 to 27.

- 30. A protein molecule, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for use as a diagnostic target for detecting a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.
- 31. A protein molecule, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for use as a screening target for reagents or compounds preventing, or treating, or ameliorating a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.
- 32. Use of an antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a translation product of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for detecting the pathological state of a cell in a sample from a subject, comprising immunocytochemical staining of said cell with said antibody, wherein an altered degree of staining, or an altered staining pattern in said cell compared to a cell representing a known health status indicates a pathological state of said cell.

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SUMMARY

The present invention discloses the differential expression of the gene coding for the voltage-gated ion channel SCN2A in specific brain regions of Alzheimer's disease patients. Based on this finding, this invention prognosticating provides а method for diagnosing or neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject, or for determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing such a disease. Furthermore, this invention provides therapeutic and prophylactic methods for treating or preventing Alzheimer's disease and related neurodegenerative disorders using the voltage-gated ion channel gene SCN2A and its corresponding gene products. A method of screening for modulating agents of neurodegenerative diseases is also disclosed.